## What is claimed is:

1. A compound of formula I, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, diastereomers, enantiomers, or mixtures thereof:

wherein

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R<sup>1</sup> is selected from -H, C<sub>6-10</sub>aryl, C<sub>2-6</sub>heteroaryl, C<sub>6-10</sub>aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, and

C<sub>2-6</sub>heteroaryl-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, wherein said C<sub>6-10</sub>aryl, C<sub>2-6</sub>heteroaryl, C<sub>6-10</sub>aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl,
and C<sub>2-6</sub>heteroaryl-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl are optionally substituted with one or more groups
selected from -R, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -OR, -Cl, -Br, -I, -F, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -C(=O)R, -C(=O)OH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -SH,
-NHR, -NR<sub>2</sub>, -SR, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, -S(=O)R, -CN, -OH, -C(=O)OR, -C(=O)NR<sub>2</sub>,
-NRC(=O)R, and -NRC(=O)-OR, wherein R is, independently, a hydrogen or

C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from -H, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl and C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl, wherein said C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl and C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from -OR, -Cl, -Br, -I, -F, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -C(=O)R, -C(=O)OH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -SH, -NHR, -NR<sub>2</sub>, -SR, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, -S(=O)R, -CN, -OH, -C(=O)OR, -C(=O)NR<sub>2</sub>, -NRC(=O)R, and -NRC(=O)-OR, wherein R is, independently, a hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; and

 $R^3$  is selected from  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl and  $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, wherein said  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl and  $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from -OR, -Cl, -Br, -I, -F, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -C(=0)R, -C(=0)OH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -SH, -NHR, -NR<sub>2</sub>, -SR, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, -S(=0)R, -CN, -OH, -C(=0)OR, -C(=0)NR<sub>2</sub>, -NRC(=0)R, and -NRC(=0)-OR, wherein R is, independently, a hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl.

2. A compound according to claim 1, wherein

 $R^1$  is  $-CH_2-R^4$ , wherein  $R^4$  is selected from phenyl; pyridyl; thienyl; furyl; imidazolyl; triazolyl; pyrrolyl; thiazolyl; and N-oxido-pyridyl, wherein said phenyl; pyridyl; thienyl; furyl; imidazolyl; triazolyl; pyrrolyl; thiazolyl; and N-oxido-pyridyl are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, halogenated  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>,  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy, chloro, fluoro, bromo, and iodo;

 $R^2$  is selected from -H and  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl; and  $R^3$  is selected from  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, and  $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl.

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 A compound according to claim 2, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl; pyridyl; thienyl; furyl; imidazolyl; pyrrolyl and thiazolyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from –H and methyl; and

15 R<sup>3</sup> is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl and isopropyl.

4. A compound according to claim 1, wherein

 $R^1$  is -H:

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from -H and C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, and C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl.

5. A compound according to claim 1, wherein the compound is selected from:

Methyl 3-[(4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl)(4-benzyl-piperazin-1-yl)methyl]phenylcarbamate;

Methyl-3-{{4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(thien-2-ylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]methyl}phenylcarbamate;

Methyl 3-{{4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(thien-3-ylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]methyl}phenylcarbamate;

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Methyl 3-{{4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(2-furylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]methyl}phenylcarbamate;

Methyl 3-{{4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(3-furylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]methyl}phenylcarbamate;

Methyl 3-{{4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]methyl}phenylcarbamate;

10 Methyl 3-{{4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]methyl}phenylcarbamate;

Methyl 3-{{4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(pyridin-4-yl-methyl) piperazin-1-yl} methyl}phenylcarbamate;

Methyl 3-{{4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(1,3-thiazol-2-ylmethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]methyl}phenylcarbamate;

[3-[[4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl][4-(phenylmethyl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]phenyl]-carbamic acid methyl ester;

[3-[(S)-[4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl][4-(3-pyridinylmethyl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]phenyl]- carbamic acid, methyl ester;

25 [3-[(S)-[4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl][4-(2-thiazolylmethyl)-1-piperazinyl]methyl]phenyl]- carbamic acid, methyl ester;

Methyl 3-{(R)-{4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(1,3-thiazol-4-ylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]methyl}phenylcarbamate;

Methyl 3-{(S)-{4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(1,3-thiazol-4-ylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]methyl}phenylcarbamate;

- Methyl 3-{(R)-{4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(1,3-thiazol-5-ylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]methyl}phenylcarbamate;
- 5 Methyl 3-{(S)-{4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(1,3-thiazol-5-ylmethyl)piperazin-1-yl]methyl}phenylcarbamate;
  - [3-[[4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl]-1-piperazinylmethyl]phenyl]- carbamic acid, methyl ester;
- enantiomers thereof; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.
  - 6. A compound according to any one of claims 1-5 for use as a medicament.
- 7. The use of a compound according to any one of claims 1-5 in the manufacture of a medicament for the therapy of pain, anxiety or functional gastrointestinal disorders.
  - 8. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to any one of claims 1-5 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
  - 9. A method for the therapy of pain in a warm-blooded animal, comprising: administering to said animal in need of such therapy a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to any one of claims 1-5.
- 25 10. A method for the therapy of functional gastrointestinal disorders in a warmblooded animal, comprising: administering to said animal in need of such therapy a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to any one of claims 1-5.
- 11. A method for the therapy of anxiety in a warm-blooded animal, comprising:
  30 administering to said animal in need of such therapy a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to any one of claims 1-5.

12. A process for preparing a compound of formula II, comprising:

a) reacting a compound of formula III:

with a compound of formula IV

in the presence of benzotriazole; and

b) reacting a product formed in step a) with a compound of formula V to form the compound of formula II,

wherein

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 $R^8$  is selected from  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl-O-C(=O)-,  $C_{6-10}$ aryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, and  $C_{2-6}$ heteroaryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, wherein said  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl-O-C(=O)-,  $C_{6-10}$ aryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, and  $C_{2-6}$ heteroaryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, halogenated  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>,  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy, chloro, fluoro, bromo, and iodo;

M is selected from Li, Na, K, -ZnX<sup>1</sup>, and -MgX<sup>1</sup>, wherein X<sup>1</sup> is a halogen; and R<sup>9</sup> is selected from hydrogen, -R, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -OR, -Cl, -Br, -I, -F, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -C(=O)R, -C(=O)OH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -SH, -NHR, -NR<sub>2</sub>, -SR, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, -S(=O)R, -CN, -OH, -C(=O)OR, -C(=O)NR<sub>2</sub>, -NRC(=O)R, and -NRC(=O)-OR, wherein R is, independently, a hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>hydrocarbyl.

## 13. A process for preparing a compound of formula VII:

## 15 comprising:

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reacting a compound of formula VIII

VIII

with a C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylcarbamate to form the compound of formula VII,

wherein

 $R^8$  is selected from  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl-O-C(=O)-,  $C_{6-10}$ aryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, and  $C_{2-6}$ heteroaryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, wherein said  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl-O-C(=O)-,  $C_{6-10}$ aryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, and  $C_{2-6}$ heteroaryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from -OR, -Cl, -Br, -I, -F, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -C(=O)R, -C(=O)OH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -SH, -NHR, -NR<sub>2</sub>, -SR, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, -S(=O)R, -CN, -OH, -C(=O)OR, -C(=O)NR<sub>2</sub>, -NRC(=O)R, and -NRC(=O)-OR, wherein R is, independently, a hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;

X is selected from halogen, triflate, and sulfonamide; and  $R^{11}$  is a  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl.

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## 14. A process for preparing a compound of formula X,

$$\mathbb{Z}^{1}$$

comprising:

reacting a compound of formula IX,

with R<sup>4</sup>-CHO to form the compound of formula X,

wherein

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R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl; pyridyl; thienyl; furyl; imidazolyl; triazolyl; pyrrolyl; thiazolyl; and N-oxido-pyridyl, wherein said phenyl; pyridyl; thienyl; furyl; imidazolyl; triazolyl; pyrrolyl; thiazolyl; and N-oxido-pyridyl are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, halogenated C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, chloro, fluoro, bromo, and iodo;

 $R^2$  is selected from -H,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl and  $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, wherein said  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl and  $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from -OR, -Cl, -Br, -I, -F, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -C(=O)R, -C(=O)OH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -SH, -NHR, -NR<sub>2</sub>, -SR, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, -S(=O)R, -CN, -OH, -C(=O)OR, -C(=O)NR<sub>2</sub>, -NRC(=O)R, and -NRC(=O)-OR, wherein R is, independently, a hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from -H, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl and C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl, wherein said C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl and C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from -OR, -Cl, -Br, -I, -F, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -C(=O)R, -C(=O)OH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -SH, -NHR, -NR<sub>2</sub>, -SR, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, -S(=O)R, -CN, -OH, -C(=O)OR, -C(=O)NR<sub>2</sub>, -NRC(=O)R, and -NRC(=O)-OR, wherein R is, independently, a hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl.

15. A compound of formula XI, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, diastereomers, enantiomers, or mixtures thereof:

<u>XI</u>

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wherein

 $R^1$  is selected from –H,  $C_{6-10}$ aryl,  $C_{2-6}$ heteroaryl,  $C_{6-10}$ aryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, and  $C_{2-6}$ heteroaryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, wherein said  $C_{6-10}$ aryl,  $C_{2-6}$ heteroaryl,  $C_{6-10}$ aryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, and  $C_{2-6}$ heteroaryl- $C_{1-4}$ alkyl are optionally substituted with one or more groups

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selected from -R, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -OR, -Cl, -Br, -I, -F, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -C(=O)R, -C(=O)OH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -SH, -NHR, -NR<sub>2</sub>, -SR, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, -S(=O)R, -CN, -OH, -C(=O)OR, -C(=O)NR<sub>2</sub>, -NRC(=O)R, and -NRC(=O)-OR, wherein R is, independently, a hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl.

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